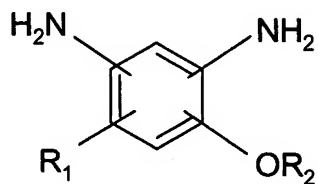


**IN THE CLAIMS:**

1. (Withdrawn) An aromatic diamine derivative of formula (I):

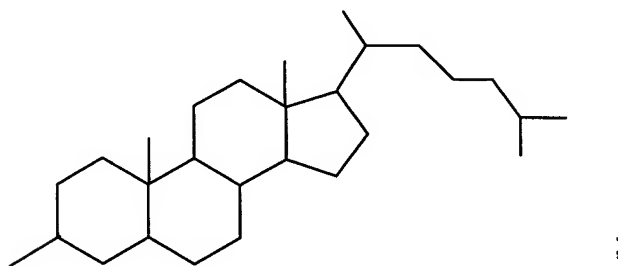


(I)

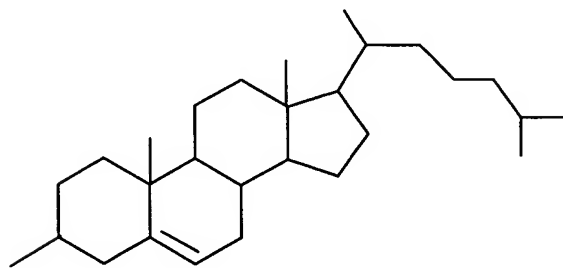
wherein,

$\text{R}_1$  is H or  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_5$  alkyl; and

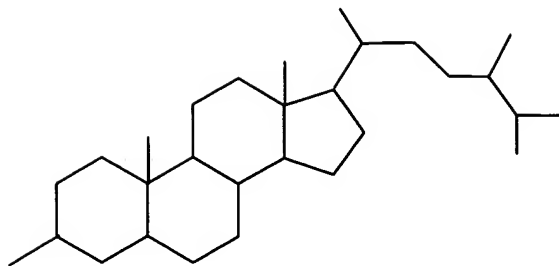
$\text{R}_2$  is a cholesterol derived radical selected from the group consisting of:



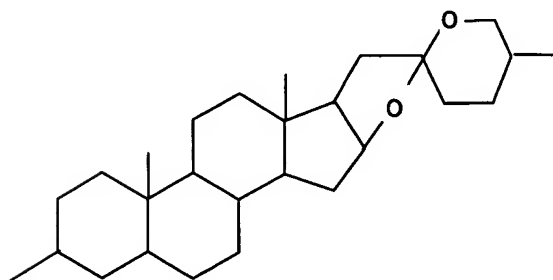
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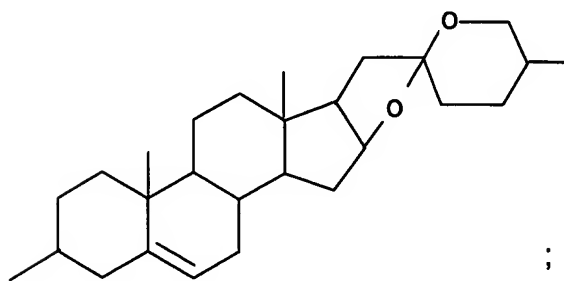
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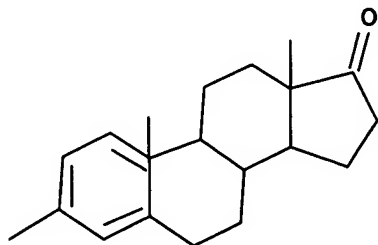
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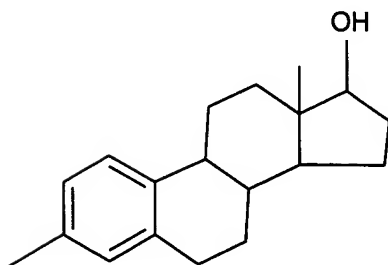


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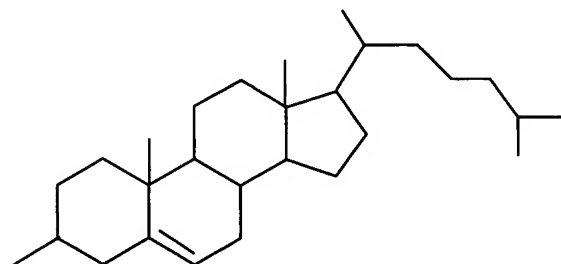


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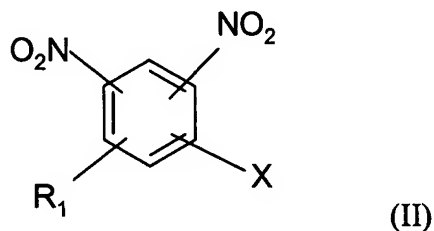
; and



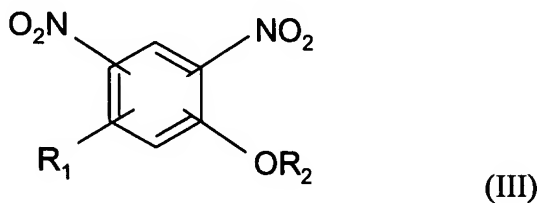
2. (Withdrawn) The diamine derivative of claim 1 wherein  $R_1$  is H or methyl and  $R_2$  is



3. (Withdrawn) The diamine derivative of claim 1 which is 4-[(17-(1,5-dimethylhexyl)-10,13-dimethyl-1,3,4,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17-tetradecahydro-1H-cyclopenta[a]phenanthren-3-yl)-oxy]-1,3-benzenediamine.
4. (Withdrawn) A method for preparing the compound of formula (I) of claim 1, the method comprising:
- (a) reacting a dinitrobenzene compound of formula (II)

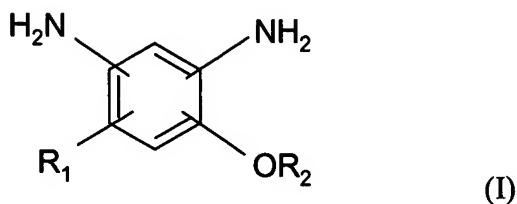


with a cholesterol compound  $\text{HOR}_2$  in the presence of a base and an inorganic solvent to obtain a compound of formula (III);



and

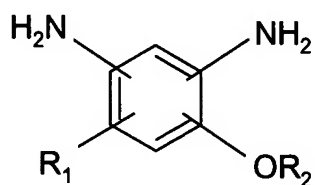
- (b) hydrogenating the compound of formula (III) to obtain the compound of formula (I)



wherein R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> are as defined in claim 1, and X if F, Cl, or Br.

5. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 4 wherein the base is selected from the group consisting of the carbonates of IA and IIA metals, trimethylamine, triethylamine, and diisopropylethylamine.
6. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 4 wherein the organic solvent is selected from dichloroethane, methane dichloride, chloroform, acetone, butanone, N-methylpyrrolidone (NMP), N,N-dimethylacetamide (DMAC), and N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF).
7. (Canceled)
8. (Currently Amended) The polyimide resin of claim 7 10 wherein the diamine comprises at least 20 mol% of one or more of the diamine derivatives of formula (I) of claim 1.
9. (Currently Amended) The polyimide resin of claim 7 10 wherein the diamine comprises 4-[(17-(1,5-dimethylhexyl)-10,13-dimethyl-2,3,4,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17-tetradecahydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[*a*]phenanthren-3-yl)-oxy]-1,3-benzenediamine.

10. (New) A polyimide resin for use in a liquid crystal display cell as an alignment film material, the polyimide resin being obtained by a polymerization reaction of a tetracarboxylic acid or a dianhydride derivative thereof with a diamine, wherein the diamine comprises at least 5 mol% of one or more of the diamine derivatives of formula (I):

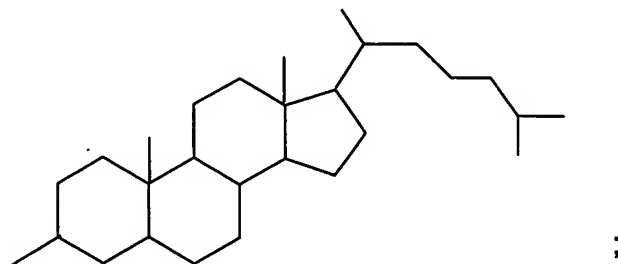


(I)

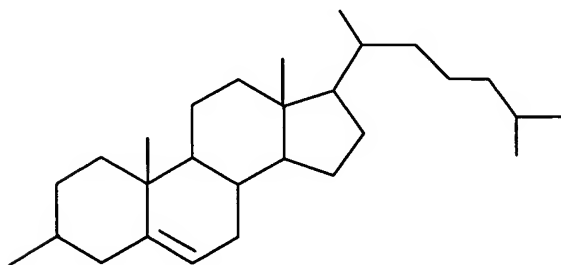
wherein,

R<sub>1</sub> is H or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl; and

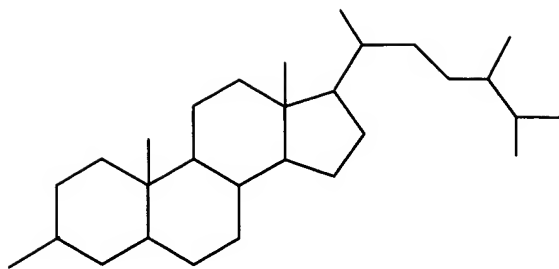
R<sub>2</sub> is a cholesterol derived radical selected from the group consisting of:



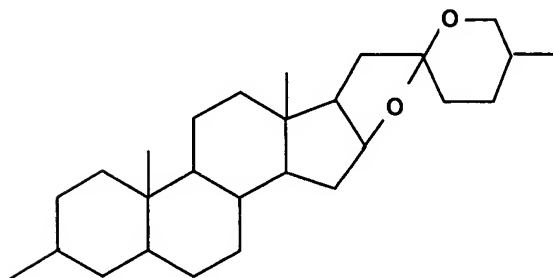
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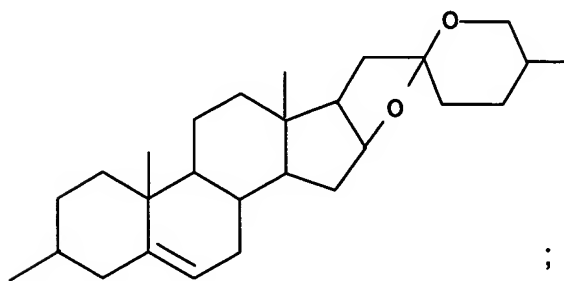
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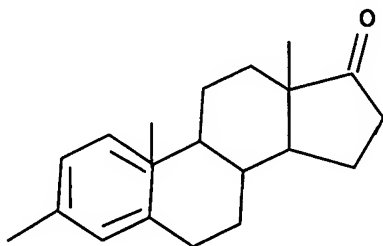
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